ورقة عمل قواعد في مادة اللغة الانكليزية

التاسيع الاساسيي



Arrange the following nouns :

rain – homework – people – money – pollution – children – sand – cars – roads – women – water – books – parking spaces – houses – space – coffee – tea – cities – villages – sugar – health - noise

Counta	ble nouns	Uncountable nouns
Quantifiers		
many	with \rightarrow countable nouns (plural) / negative sentences / questions	
much	with \rightarrow uncountable noun	s / negative sentences / questions
more + some +	with \rightarrow countable nouns (plural) / uncountable nouns / positive
all	sentences	
any	with \rightarrow countable nouns (plural) / uncountable / negative sentences /
	questions	
too many	with countable nouns (plu	ural)

too much with uncountable nouns

- 1- (Many Much) people moved to the cities from the countryside to work .
- 2- (Any All) the houses in this street were built more than 300 years ago.
- **3-** There aren't (**any some**) restaurants in this part of the city.
- 4- There are (any some) very interesting places to visit just outside the city.
- 5- Let's go into the countryside for (many some) fresh air.
- 6- Have you got (**much any**) ideas about things to do?
- 7- Do you know (how much how many) people live in the city?
- 8- We don't need (all more) roads. We've got enough roads .
- 9- There are (too many too much) cars on the road.
- **10-** (**More Much**) people should use bicycles.
- **11-** There is (**too many too much**) pollution in cities these days .

12- (Enough – Too many) people drive cars. It's bad for the environment.

Countable nouns Uncountable nouns			
* too + adjective \rightarrow to describe nouns			
* not + adjective + enough \rightarrow to describe nouns			
* not + enough + noun			
13- The pavements are too narrow. They aren't (too wide – wide enough).			
14-I can't drive a car yet. I'm not (old enough – too old).			
15-I prefer to live in a big city. This town is (small enough – too small).			
16- These buildings are (dark enough – too dark).			

Articles		
a / an	* with singular	
	* the first time you mention something	
	* for one of many examples	
	* with singular and plural	
the	* the second time you mention something	
	* before the names of rivers, oceans, seas and mountains	
	* before superlative adjectives (the best , the most beautiful , the biggest	
	* the first, the second, the seventeenth	
	* when there's only one of something(the sun, the moon, the Arab World,	
	the president, the world, the west, the north	
	* before the names of (cities , villages , countries , continents ,	
Zero article (X)		
	* when making generalizations \rightarrow countable \rightarrow uncountable	

17-You can choose to move around the city on your feet or by (the -x) car.

18- ($\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{The}$) cities are ($\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{the}$) best places to live.

19- Hama is in ($\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{the}$) west of Syria .

20- It is ($\mathbf{an} - \mathbf{the}$) amazing city with lots of beautiful old houses.